Formulae Sheet

Learning curve

 $Y = ax^b$

- Where Y = cumulative average time per unit to produce x units
 - a = the time taken for the first unit of output
 - x = the cumulative number of units produced
 - b = the index of learning (log LR/log2)
 - LR = the learning rate as a decimal

Demand curve

P = a - bQ $b = \frac{change in price}{change in quantity}$ a = price when Q = 0MR = a - 2bQ

End of Question Paper