SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. You should assume that the tax rates and allowances for the tax year 2013/14 and for the financial year to 31 March 2014 will continue to apply for the foreseeable future unless you are instructed otherwise.
- 2. Calculations and workings need only be made to the nearest \pounds .
- 3. All apportionments should be made to the nearest month.
- 4. All workings should be shown.

TAX RATES AND ALLOWANCES

The following tax rates and allowances are to be used in answering the questions.

| | Income tax | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|
| | | Normal rates % | Dividend rates % |
| Basic rate | £1 – £32,010 | 20 | 10 |
| Higher rate Additional rate | £32,011 – £150,000 £150,001 and over | 40 45 | 32·5 37·5 |
| | | 40 | 57 5 |

A starting rate of 10% applies to savings income where it falls within the first £2,790 of taxable income.

Personal allowances

c

| | £ |
|---|---------|
| Personal allowance | |
| Born on or after 6 April 1948 | 9,440 |
| Born between 6 April 1938 and 5 April 1948 | 10,500 |
| Born before 6 April 1938 | 10,660 |
| Income limit | |
| Personal allowance | 100,000 |
| Personal allowance (born before 6 April 1948) | 26,100 |

Residence status

| Days in UK | Previously resident | Not previously resident |
|--------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Less than 16 | Automatically not resident | Automatically not resident |
| 16 to 45 | Resident if 4 UK ties (or more) | Automatically not resident |
| 46 to 90 | Resident if 3 UK ties (or more) | Resident if 4 UK ties |
| 91 to 120 | Resident if 2 UK ties (or more) | Resident if 3 UK ties (or more) |
| 121 to 182 | Resident if 1 UK tie (or more) | Resident if 2 UK ties (or more) |
| 183 or more | Automatically resident | Automatically resident |

Child benefit income tax charge

Where income is between £50,000 and £60,000, the charge is 1% of the amount of child benefit received for every £100 of income over £50,000.

Car benefit percentage

The relevant base level of CO_2 emissions is 95 grams per kilometre.

The percentage rates applying to petrol cars with CO_2 emissions up to this level are:

| | % |
|------------------------------------|----|
| 75 grams per kilometre or less | 5 |
| 76 grams to 94 grams per kilometre | 10 |
| 95 grams per kilometre | 11 |

Car fuel benefit

The base figure for calculating the car fuel benefit is £21,100.

Individual savings accounts (ISAs)

The overall investment limit is £11,520, of which £5,760 can be invested in a cash ISA.

| Pension scheme limits | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Annual allowance Lifetime allowance Maximum contribution that can qualify for tax relief without any earnings | £50,000 £1,500,000 £3,600 |
| Authorised mileage allowances: cars | |
| Up to 10,000 miles Over 10,000 miles | 45p 25p |
| Capital allowances: rates of allowance | % |
| Plant and machinery Main pool Special rate pool | / ° 18 8 |
| Motor cars New cars with CO_2 emissions up to 95 grams per kilometre CO_2 emissions between 96 and 130 grams per kilometre CO_2 emissions over 130 grams per kilometre | 100 18 8 |
| Annual investment allowance First £250,000 of expenditure (since 1 January 2013) | 100 |

Cap on income tax reliefs

Unless otherwise restricted, reliefs are capped at the higher of £50,000 or 25% of income.

| | Corporation tax | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| Financial year | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
| Small profits rate | 20% | 20% | 20% |
| Main rate | 26% | 24% | 23% |
| | £ | £ | £ |
| Lower limit | 300,000 | 300,000 | 300,000 |
| Upper limit | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 |
| Standard fraction | 3/200 | 1/100 | 3/400 |

Marginal relief

Standard fraction x (U – A) x N/A

Patent box – deduction from net patent profit

Net patent profit x ((main rate - 10%)/main rate)

Value added tax (VAT)

| Standard rate | 20% |
|----------------------|---------|
| Registration limit | £79,000 |
| Deregistration limit | £77,000 |

Inheritance tax: nil rate bands and tax rates

| £ | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 325,000 | |
| 325,000 | |
| 325,000 | |
| 325,000 | |
| 325,000 | |
| 312,000 | |
| 300,000 | |
| 285,000 | |
| 275,000 | |
| 263,000 | |
| 255,000 | |
| 250,000 | |
| 242,000 | |
| 234,000 | |
| 231,000 | |
| Lifetime rate | 20% |
| – Death rate | 40% |
| | 325,000 325,000 325,000 325,000 325,000 312,000 300,000 285,000 263,000 255,000 255,000 250,000 242,000 234,000 231,000 – Lifetime rate |

Inheritance tax: taper relief

| Years before death: | % |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| | reduction |
| Over 3 but less than 4 years | 20 |
| Over 4 but less than 5 years | 40 |
| Over 5 but less than 6 years | 60 |
| Over 6 but less than 7 years | 80 |

Capital gains tax

| | % |
|---|--------------------|
| Rate of tax – Lower rate | 18 |
| – Higher rate | 28 |
| Annual exempt amount | £10,900 |
| Entrepreneurs' relief – Lifetime limit – Rate of tax | £10,000,000 10% |

National insurance contributions (not contracted out rates)

| Class 1 | Employee | £1 – £7,755 per year £7,756 – £41,450 per year £41,451 and above per year | % Nil 12·0 2·0 |
|----------|----------|---|-------------------------|
| Class 1 | Employer | £1 – £7,696 per year £7,697 and above per year | Nil 13·8 |
| Class 1A | | | 13.8 |
| Class 2 | | £2·70 per week Small earnings exception limit – £5,725 | |
| Class 4 | | £1 – £7,755 per year £7,756 – £41,450 per year £41,451 and above per year | Nil 9∙0 2∙0 |

Rates of interest (assumed)

| Official rate of interest | 4.0% |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| Rate of interest on underpaid tax | 3.0% |
| Rate of interest on overpaid tax | 0.5% |

Stamp duty land tax

| | % |
|-------------------------------------|-----|
| £150,000 or less (1) | Nil |
| $\pounds150,001 - \pounds250,000$ | 1 |
| $\pounds 250,001 - \pounds 500,000$ | 3 |
| $\pm 500,001 - \pm 1,000,000$ | 4 |
| £1,000,001 - £2,000,000 (2) | 5 |
| £2,000,001 or more (2) | 7 |

(1) For residential property, the nil rate is restricted to £125,000.

(2) The 5% and 7% rates apply to residential properties only. The 4% rate applies to all non-residential properties where the consideration is in excess of £500,000.

Stamp duty

Shares

0.5%